



DOT 3 BRAKE FLUID

Creation date: March 2024

Classification of the substance or	mixture
Poisons Schedule	Not scheduled
Dangerous Goods	Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.
GHS Classification	Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
	labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.
	Eye Irritation Category 2A
Label elements	
GHS label pictograms	GHS 07 EXCLAMATION MARK
Signal word	WARNING
Hazard statement(s)	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statement(s): Gene	
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read label before use.
Precautionary statement(s): Prev	ention
P264	Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear eye protection/face protection.
Precautionary statement(s): Resp	oonse
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Precautionary statement(s): Stora	age
	None allocated
Precautionary statement(s): Disp	osal
	None allocated
Note	
IMPORTANT	This SDS and the Hazard Classifications contained therein, only apply to the product in its concentrated form, as supplied. When diluted to 1:4 or greater with water, they no longer apply. However, good hygiene and housekeeping practices should be adhered to.







SECTION 2 – COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
Ingredients:	CAS Number:	Proportion:	
2-(2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	143-22-6	10 - 30 % w/w	
1,1'-iminodipropan-2-ol	110-97-4	1 - 10 % w/w	
6-tert-butyl-2,4-xylenol	1879-09-0	0.025 - 0.25 % w/w	

NOTE: Ingredients determined not to be hazardous are present in concentrations that do not exceed the relevant cut-off concentrations as found from Safe Work Australia: Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS), European Chemicals Agency (ECHA), or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a hazardous substance as defined in the Safe Work Australia publication "Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances", or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a dangerous substance as defined in the GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS7). Listed ingredients may be below the cut-off concentrations for classification as hazardous, but are listed for information purposes and for additive effects.

SECTION 3- FIRST AID ME	ASURES
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air away from exposure. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	Immediately wash contaminated skin with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing
	and wash before re-use. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor) if irritation, burning or redness persists.
Eye contact	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact
	lenses. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for
	at least 15 minutes. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse
	mouth thoroughly with water immediately. Give water to drink. If vomiting occurs, give further water
	to achieve effective dilution. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor).
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.
Scheduled Poisons	Poisons Information Centre in each Australian State capital city or in Christchurch, New Zealand can
	provide additional assistance for scheduled poisons. (Phone Australia 131126 or New Zealand 0800
	764 766).
First Aid Facilities	Eye wash station. Normal washroom facilities.

SECTION 4– FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES	
Fire and Explosion	Non-flammable liquid. However, on evaporation of the aqueous component, the residual material
Hazards	may burn.
Extinguishing Media	Use an extinguishing media suitable for surrounding fires.
Fire Fighting	Keep containers exposed to extreme heat cool with water spray. Fire fighters to wear self-contained
	breathing apparatus if risk of exposure to products of combustion or decomposition.
Flash Point	None

SECTION 5 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency ProceduresMinor spills do not normally need any special clean-up measures – rinse with water.
In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Wear
appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Increase ventilation..
If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent material onto spillage. Collect the material and
place into a suitable labelled container. Do not dilute material but contain. Dispose of waste
according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways
occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local
regulations.

SECTION 6 – HANDLING AND STORAGE		
Handling	Avoid eye contact with concentrate. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Avoid	
	contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers	
	closed at all times. Avoid physical damage to containers. Always wash hands with soap and water	
	after handling. Work clothes should be laundered. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.	







Storage	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. Protect from freezing. Store in suitable,
	labelled containers. Keep containers tightly closed. Store away from incompatible materials. Ensure
	that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.

SECTION 7 – EXPOSURE	CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION
Exposure Limits	National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by SAFEWORK AUSTRALIA: Time-weighted Average (TWA): None established for product.
	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): None established for product.
Ventilation	None established for product.
Personal Protective Equipment	Use good occupational work practice. The use of protective clothing and equipment depends upon the degree and nature of exposure. The following protective equipment should be available;
Eye Protection	Generally not required for typical applications with diluted solutions as per label directions. Safety glasses should be used for handling concentrate in quantity, cleaning up spills, decanting, etc. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.
Hand Protection	Generally not required for typical applications as per label directions. Wear gloves of impervious material such as butyl rubber, natural latex, neoprene, PVC and nitrile – to handle in quantity, clean up spills, decanting, etc. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.
Body Protection	Suitable protective workwear, e.g. rubber or plastic apron, sleeves, boots and cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist are recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.
Respirator	Generally not required for typical applications as per label directions.

SECTION 8 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
Physical State	Non-viscous liquid	Colour	Amber
Odour	Characteristic	Specific Gravity	1.07 @ 25 °C
Boiling Point	>230 °C	Freezing Point	-40 °C
Vapour Pressure	Not available	Vapour Density	Not available
Flash Point	>141 °C CC	Flammable Limits	none
Water Solubility	Miscible	рН	9.7 neat
Volatile Organic	Not available	Per Cent Volatile	Not available
Compounds (VOC)			
Viscosity	Not available	Odour Threshold	Not available

SECTION 9 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Reactivity	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	
Conditions to Avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Incompatibilities	Reducing agents, oxidizing agents.	
Hazardous		
Decomposition	Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes.	

SECTION 10 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS





No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label.		
Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:		
Inhalation	Not considered to be an inhalation hazard.	
Skin contact	Properly diluted solutions not expected to be irritating to skin.	
Eye contact	Concentrated product causes eye irritation. Eye contact with concentrate will cause stinging, blurring,	
	tearing.	
Ingestion	Ingestion of this product may irritate the gastric tract causing nausea and vomiting.	
Chronic exposure	No known effects.	
Toxicology Information	Not classified as toxic, based on ingredients. Oral LD50 (ATE calculated): >2,000 mg/kg (body weight)	
Carcinogen Status		
SAFEWORK AUSTRALIA	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by Safework Australia.	
NTP	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.	
IARC	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.	
Respiratory sensitisation	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin Sensitisation	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.	
Reproductive Toxicity	Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.	
STOT-single exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.	
STOT-repeated exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.	
Aspiration Hazard	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.	

SECTION 11- ECOLOGICAL I	NFORMATION	
Acute Aquatic Toxicity	Not harmful to aquatic life (LC50 > 100mg/L).	
Product (as sold)	Acute Aquatic Toxicity (ATE Calculated) LC50: 839 - 880 mg/L.	
	Acute Aquatic Toxicity NOT HAZARDOUS	
Persistence and		
degradability	Readily biodegradable, based on ingredients.	
Bio accumulative		
potential	No bioaccumulation is expected.	
Mobility in soil	Due to its physico-chemical characteristics, highly mobile in the environment and will partition to	
	the aquatic compartment.	
Other adverse effects	Not available	
Environmental Protection	Do not discharge this material into waterways.	

SECTION 12 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

SECTION 13 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION	
Labels Required	
ADG	Not classified as Dangerous Goods.
IMDG Marine Pollutant	No
HAZCHEM	None allocated.
Land Transport (ADG)	
UN Number	None allocated.
ADG Code	None allocated.
HAZCHEM Code	None allocated.







Special Provisions	None allocated.
Packing Group	None allocated.
Packaging Method	None allocated.
Segregation	None allocated.

SECTION 14 – REGULATORY INFORMATION	
GHS Classification	Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
	labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.
SUSMP	Not scheduled
ADG Code	Not DG
AICIS	All ingredients present on Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

SECTION 15 – OTHER INFORMATION	
Issue Date	7 th March 2024
Version Number	V 6.0 GHS7 classification
Abbreviations and	ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.
acronyms	AICIS: Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme.
	CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency services.
	HSIS: Hazardous Substances Information System
	IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
	NTP: National Toxicology Program (USA).
	SDS: Safety Data Sheet
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit.
	SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.
	TWA: Time Weighted Average.
	UN Number: United Nations Number.
Literature references	Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia)
	GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List (Safe Work Australia)
	Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations.
	Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)
	"Australian Exposure Standards". Safework Australia
	Australian Code For The Transport Of Dangerous Goods By Road And Rail
	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
	Safety Data Sheets – individual raw materials – Suppliers
	HSIS – Hazardous Substance Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.
	HCIS – Hazardous Chemical Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.
	ECHA – European Chemicals Agency
Disclaimer	This SDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of this product, and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this SDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier.
	End of SDS



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